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MEMORANDUM FOR PRS (In-House Publication)

FROM: PROI (STINFO)

10 April 2001

SUBJECT: Authorization for Release of Technical Information, Control Number: AFRL-PR-ED-VG-2001-078 Fajardo, Mario, "Chemistry and Spectroscopy in Solid Parahydrogen"

U. Wyoming Chemistry Dept. Seminar (Caramie, WY, 20 April 2001) (Deadline: 20 April 2001)

(Statement A)

1. This request has been reviewed by the Foreign Disclosure Office for: a.) appropriateness of distribution statemen b.) military/national critical technology, c.) export controls or distribution restrictions,							
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Chemistry and Spectroscopy in Solid Parahydrogen

Mario E. Fajardo

USAF-Research Laboratory, AFRL/PRSP Bldg. 8454, Edwards AFB, CA 93524-7680 mario.fajardo@edwards.af.mil

- * Cryosolid Propellants Team
- HEDM Cryosolid Propellants Concept (Atoms in Solid Hydrogen)
- Rapid Vapor Deposition of Transparent Parahydrogen (pH2) Solids
- * B and Al Doped pH₂ Solids
- High Res. IR Spectroscopy of Molecular Dopants in Solid pH₂ *
- * Summary

Cryosolid Propellants Team

- Mario E. Fajardo, Michelle E. DeRosé, and Sinnon Ilann Bill Larson (thermal B atom source) *
- Jeff Sheehy, Jerry Boatz, Peter Langhoff (in-house theory) *
- P. Dagdigian (a) Johns Hopkins: Al/H2 & B/H2 Complexes AFOSR Contractors:

*

- G. Voth (a) U. Utah: Path-Integral Monte Carlo Simulations G. Scoles & K. Lehmann @ Princeton U.: Helium Clusters M. Alexander (a) U. Maryland: B/H2 Interaction Potentials
- T. Momose (a) Kyoto U.: High Resolution IR Spectroscopy External Collaborators:

*

R.J. Hinde (a) U. Tennessee: Dopant-Induced IR Activity D. Anderson @ U. Wyoming: Dopant IR Absorptions

Summer Visiting Professors:

Propellant Performance Figures of Merit

Specific Impulse, Isp:

 $I_{sp} \equiv \text{(total impulse / propellant weight)}$

$$= g_0 < v_{exh} >$$
 "seconds"

$$\propto \sqrt{<\mathrm{K.E.>}\over m} \propto \sqrt{\Delta H} = \sqrt{\Delta H_{sp}}$$

Density, p:

higher density \Rightarrow smaller & lighter tanks ⇒ less aerodynamic drag ⇒ condensed phase propellants

[G.P. Sutton, "Rocket Propulsion Elements" (Wiley, New York, 1992).]

"Revolutionary" vs. "Evolutionary" **HEDM Concepts**

"Revolutionary" means better than LOX/LH₂: *

 LOX/LH_2

 $\Delta H_{sp} = 12.6 \text{ MJ/kg } (3.0 \text{ kcal/g})$

HEDM Target:

 $\Delta H_{sp} > 15.0 \text{ MJ/kg} (3.6 \text{ kcal/g})$

Early (c1990) Revolutionary HEDM Concepts:

tetrahydrogen (H_4)

metastable triplet helium (He* and He₂*)

spin-polarized atomic hydrogen (HT)

high-spin species $({}^{5}CO)$

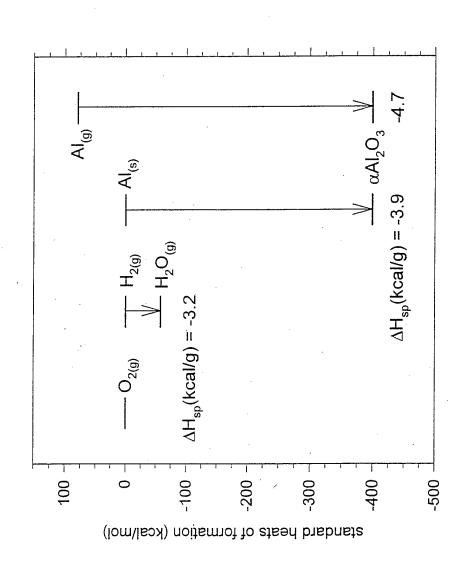
dications (AB⁺⁺, ABC⁺⁺)

"non-metallics" (e.g. O_4/H_2 , N_4 , N_8 , N_{20}) N_5^+ ! metallic hydrogen

▶ metal atoms and clusters in solid H₂

Cryosolid Propellants Concept

Use cryogenic solid hydrogen as a "packaging material" to store energetic species such as metal atoms and clusters.



Atom Additive Payoffs (5 % molar)

Sea level specific impulse, Isp, in seconds (% change) P_{chamber} = 1000 PSIA, P_{exhaust} = 14.7 PSIA

in stand	M(5%)
	Additive

monoprop.
$$M(5\%)/H_2$$

407 (+1%)

Be

403

404

407 (+1%)

400 (-1%)

$$428 (+6\%)$$
 $416 (+3\%)$

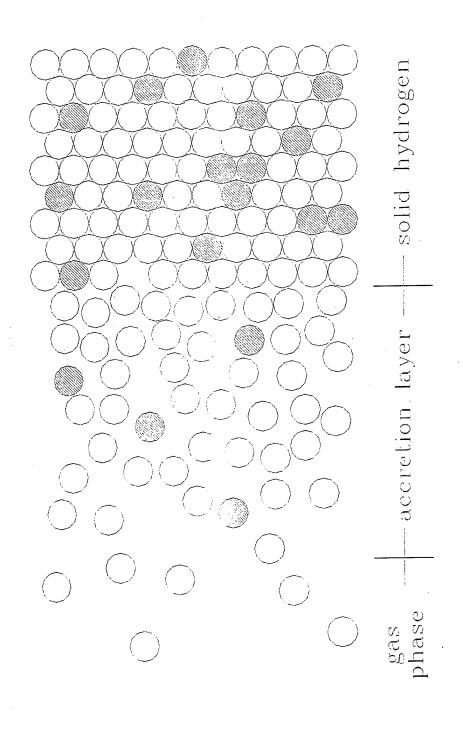
Cryosolid Propellants Objectives

- Make solid hydrogen samples (any size) containing 5% molar concentration of trapped energetic additives.
- Measure absolute concentrations of energetic species. *
- Scale-up samples; produce $\sim 1 \text{ cm}^3$ samples in our lab. *

assume each Al atom replaces one H2 molecule 58 mg Al / 83 mg H₂ (*see display item*) $\therefore \rho = 0.142 \text{ g/cm}^3 (+100\%)$ Example: $5\% \text{ Al/pH}_2$, $V = 1 \text{ cm}^3$

Cryosolid Propellants Approach

parahydrogen gas onto a liquid helium cooled substrate in vacuum. Rapid vapor deposition of metal atom vapor and pre-cooled



Dopant Reactions within solid pH2

* ideally:

$$X + pH_2$$
 $T=2K$ X/pH_2

isolated atoms

* in practice:

$$X + X + M \rightarrow X_2 + M$$

 $\rightarrow X_n$

recombination

$$X + H_2 + M \rightarrow$$

 $\rightarrow HX + H + M$ $\rightarrow H_nX + M$

reaction

both

$$X_n + H_2 + M \rightarrow HX_n + H + M$$

 $\rightarrow H_{\rm m}X_{\rm n} + M_{\rm s}$

The Perils of Calorimetry

108

GEORGE C. PIMENTEL

TABLE IX

CONCENTRATIONS OF FREE RADICALS REPORTED

of Carence Carence	Minkoff et al. (1959). Harvey and Bass (1958) Broida and Lutes (1956)		Wall et al. (1959b) Fontana (1958) Fontana (1958)		SR Cole and Harding (1958) Livingston et al. (1955) Mathason and Smaller (1955)	H.
Method of production and estimate	Gas, cal Gas, IR Gas, cal	γ, ESR Gas, cal Gas, cal	7, ESR Gas, cal Gas, MS	$\begin{array}{c} \gamma, \ ESR \\ \gamma, \ ESR \\ \hline \gamma, \ ESR \end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} G_{us}, & ESR \\ \gamma, & ESR \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} \gamma, \ \text{ESR} \\ \gamma, \ \text{ESR} \\ \text{UV}, \ \text{ESR} \\ \gamma, \ \text{USR} \end{array}$
Mole per cent radicals	4-20 <3 ~1	0.6 4 0.2	0.03 >0.03 0.01-0.04	0.2 0.14 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.1	0.01 0.01 ~0.01 0.0006
Matrix	O ₂	$Ca(OH)_2$ N_2		HC00H CH,	NH3 HClO4—H2O	$egin{array}{l} H_2 O \ NH_4 \ Alcohols \ H_2 \end{array}$
Radical	0	OH		OH(?) CH,	ZZĦ	H H, NH2(?) KOH H

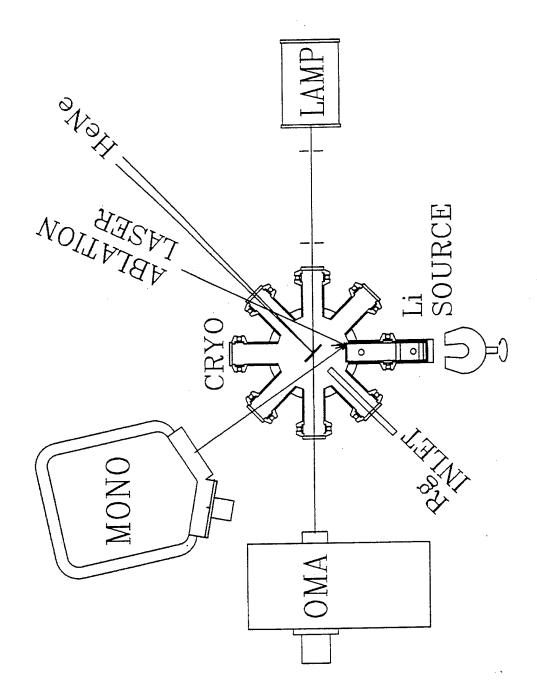
• Abbreviations: gas = rapid condensation of gaseous radicals; γ = gamma ray in situ production; UV = photolytic in situ production; IR = infrared analysis; cal = calorimetry; MS = magnetic susceptibility.

b Private communication.

· Fontana, B. J. (1959). J. Chem. Phys. 31, 148.

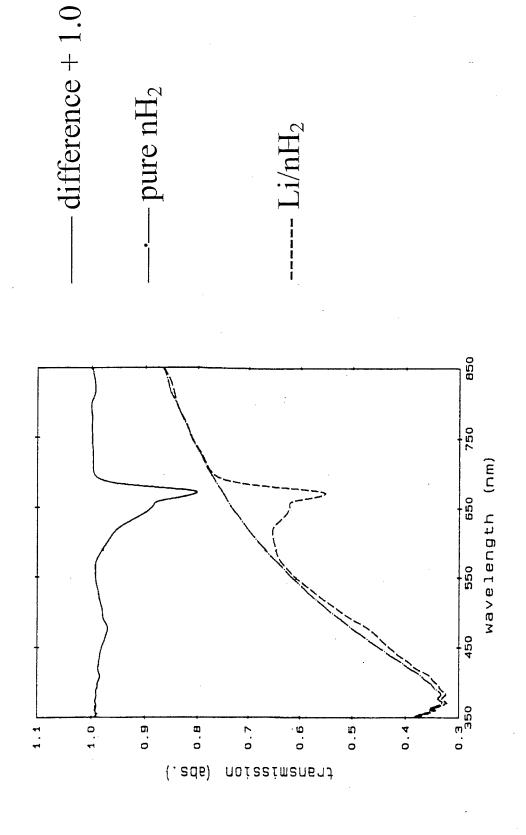
[A.M. Bass and H.P. Broida, "Formation and Trapping of Free Radicals" (Academic, New York, 1960).]

Experimental Diagram (c1993)



M.E. Fajardo, J. Chem. Phys. 98, 110 (1993).

Transmission Spectrum of Li/nH₂, $d \approx 10 \mu$



M.E. Fajardo, J. Chem. Phys. 98, 110 (1993).

Optical Scattering in Solid Hydrogen

Crystal Growing and Quality (p. 81)

quality. Good crystals are always grown slowly from the melt; a rapid "There is a considerable art to growing hydrogen crystals of high freeze from the gas produces snow."

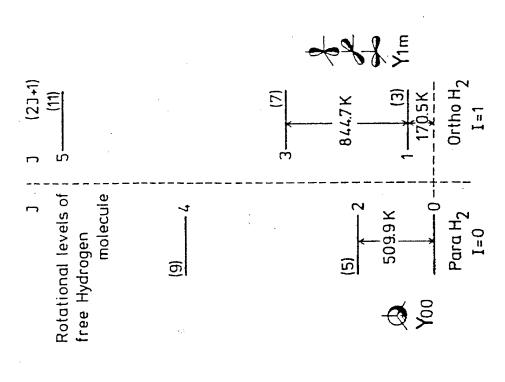
Crystallite Light Scattering (p. 83)

"The reason that a good hydrogen crystal is so hard to see is its low refractive index...an estimated 1.16!

Yet a 1 mm-thick layer of hydrogen crystallites can be a completely opaque brown-black."

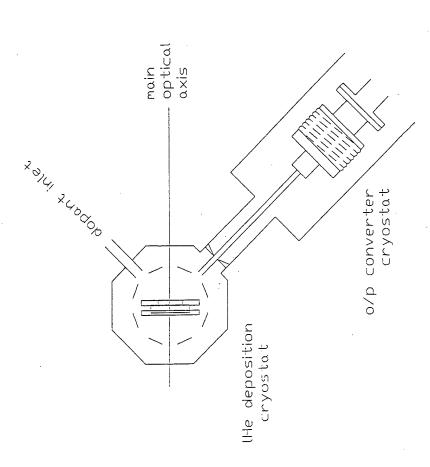
[P.C. Souers, Hydrogen Properties for Fusion Energy (UC Press, Berkeley, 1986)]

ortho- and para-hydrogen



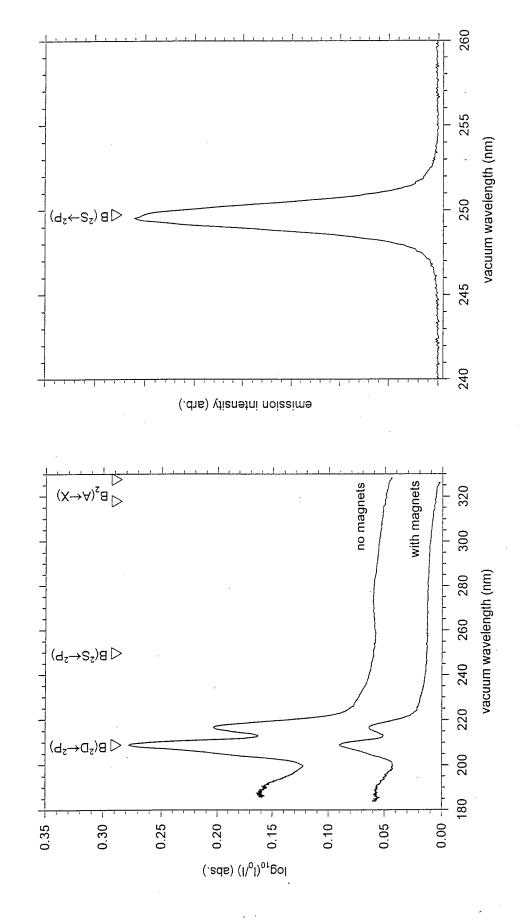
[I.F. Silvera, Rev. Mod. Phys. **52**, 393 (1980)]

Optically Transparent pH₂ Solids (c1997) Rapid Vapor Deposition of Gram-Scale



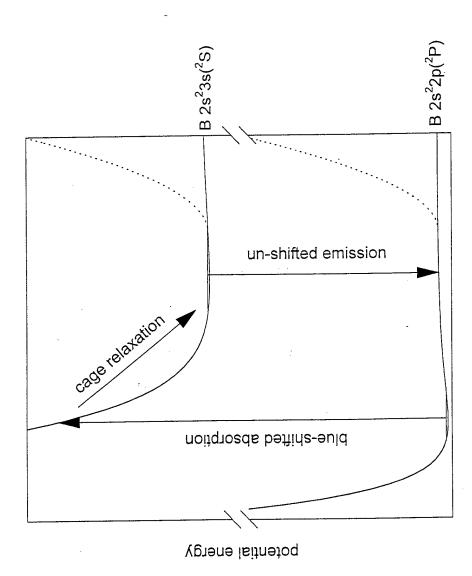
S. Tam and M.E. Fajardo, Rev. Sci. Instrum. 70, 1926 (1999). M.E. Fajardo and S. Tam, J. Chem. Phys. 108, 4237 (1998).

Electronic Spectroscopy of B/pH₂ (d≈2 mm)



[J.R. Krumrine, S. Jang, G.A. Voth, and M.H. Alexander, J. Chem. Phys. 113, 9079 (2000)] S. Tam, M. Macler, M.E. DeRose, and M.E. Fajardo, J. Chem. Phys. 113, 9067 (2000).

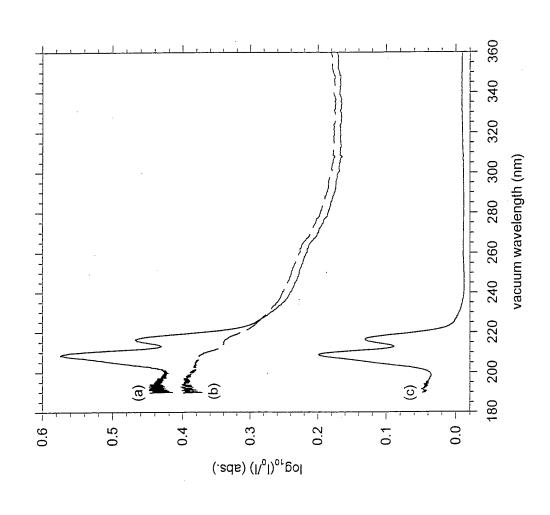
Photodynamics Cartoon for B/pH₂



configurational coordinate

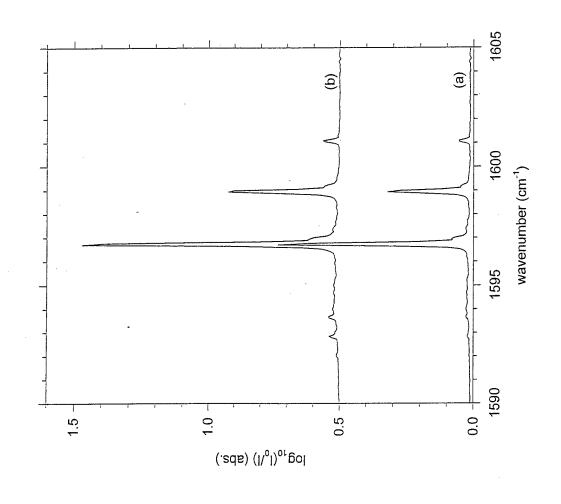
S. Tam, M. Macler, M.E. DeRose, and M.E. Fajardo, J. Chem. Phys. 113, 9067 (2000).

Photobleaching of B/pH2 Absorptions



S. Tam, M. Macler, M.E. DeRose, and M.E. Fajardo, J. Chem. Phys. 113, 9067 (2000).

IR Absortion Spectra of B₂H₆/pH₂



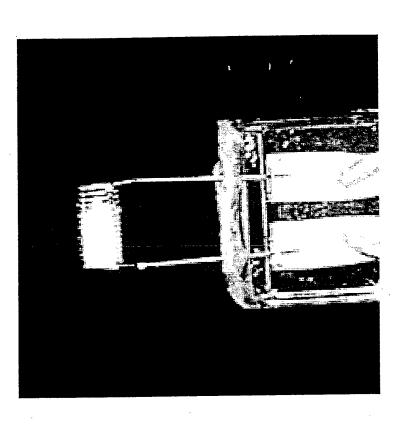
S. Tam, M. Macler, M.E. DeRose, and M.E. Fajardo, J. Chem. Phys. 113, 9067 (2000).

Requirement for High Flux HEDM Sources

require a flux of $\Phi_{HEDM} \approx 3 \times 10^{16} \text{ #/cm}^2\text{-s}$ at the deposition substrate. A 5 % doping level, and a sample growth rate of 1 mm/hour, For Al atoms, this translates to a mass flux of 5.8 mg/cm²-hour, <u>delivered</u> to the deposition substrate.

* Began FY00 using miniature tungsten filament evaporation sources based on our FY99 effort to produce thermal B atoms.

* Total mass loadings of Al metal were ~ 10 mg, just enough to detect trapped Al atoms in Ar; $\Phi_{\rm Al} \sim 10^{11} \ \#/{\rm cm}^2$ -s (a) R = 5 cm.



High Flux HEDM Sources

Purchased commercial Al evaporator; PBN crucible holds ≈ 10 g Al in horizontal orientation. *

 $T_{max} = 1200 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \Rightarrow P_{vap}(Al) \approx 8 \text{x} 10^{-3} \text{ torr } \Rightarrow \Phi_{Al} \approx 10^{18} \text{ } \#/\text{cm}^2\text{-s}$ *

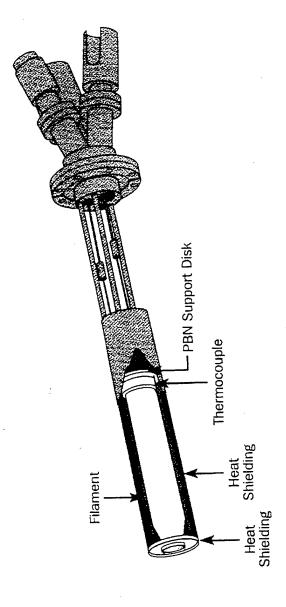
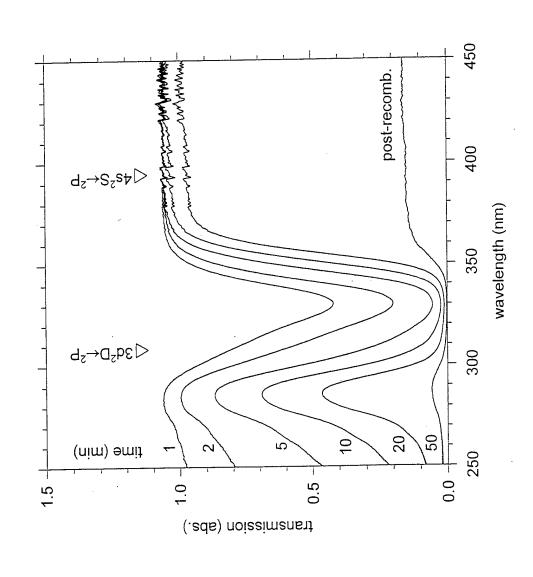


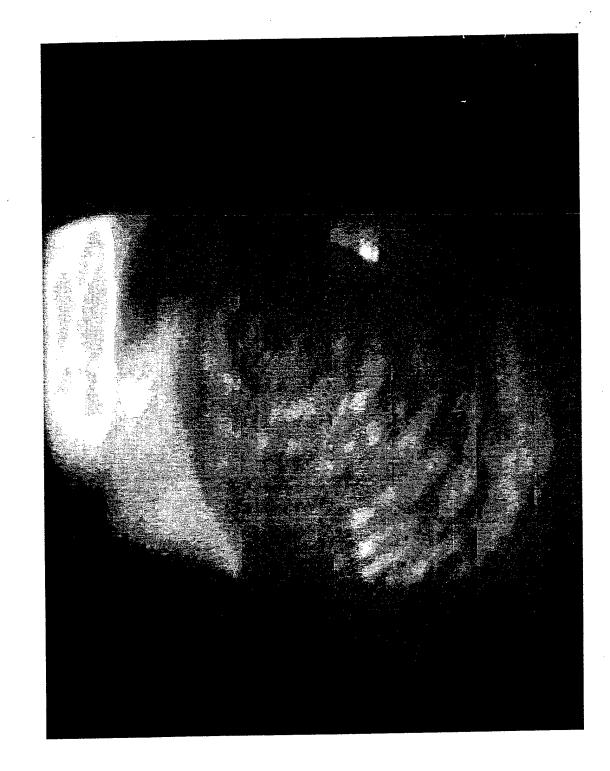
Figure 1-3: Schematic of the EPI SUMOTM Effusion Cell.

UV Spectroscopy AI/pH2

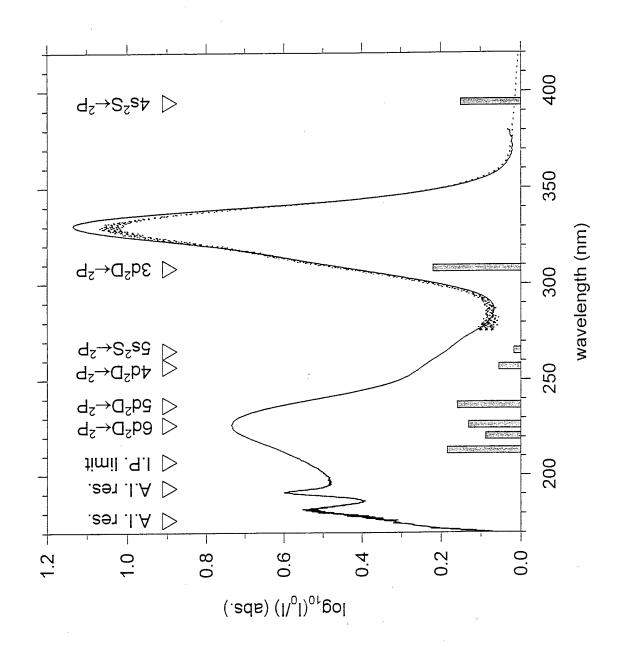
Al atom UV absorption saturates at high column densities. *



Recombination/reaction in Al/pH2



Assignment of AllpH2 UV Absorptions



High Res. IR Spectroscopy in Solid pH2

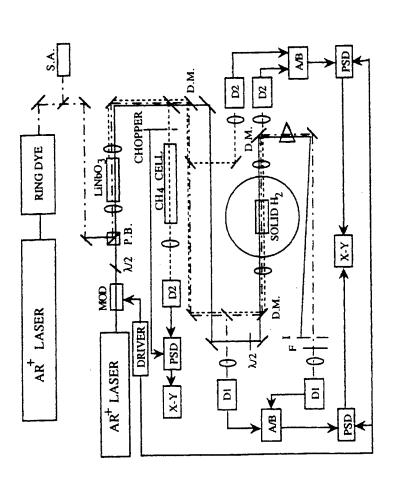
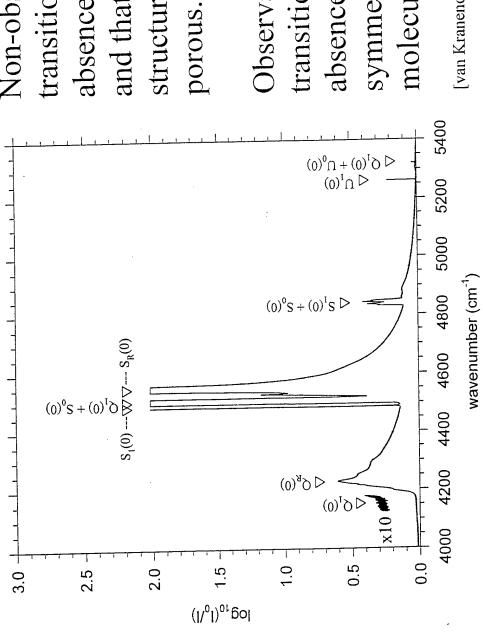


FIG. 1. Apparatus for the simultaneous spectroscopy of the infrared and Raman transitions. The nonlinearity of LiNbO₃ is used for the former and that of solid H₂ is used for the latter. D.M., dichroic mirror; S. A., spectrum analyzer; P. B., polarizer beamsplitter.

[T. Momose, K.E. Kerr, D.P. Weliky, C.M. Gabrys, R.M. Dickson and T. Oka, J. Chem. Phys. 100, 7840 (1994)]

IR Absorption of 6 mm Thick pH2 Solid



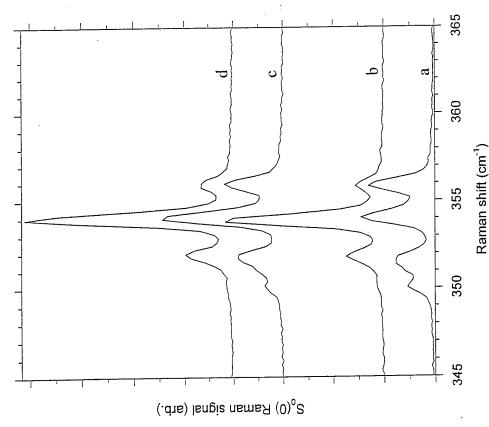
Non-observation of the $Q_1(0)$ transition demonstrates the absence of oH₂ impurities, and that the microscopic structure is not amorphous or

Observation of $S_1(0)$ transition demonstrates the absence of inversion symmetry for <u>some</u> H_2 molecular environments.

[van Kranendonk and Gush, Phys. Lett. 1, 22 (1962)]

M.E. Fajardo and S. Tam, J. Chem. Phys. 108, 4237 (1998).

Raman Spectra of pH₂ Solids

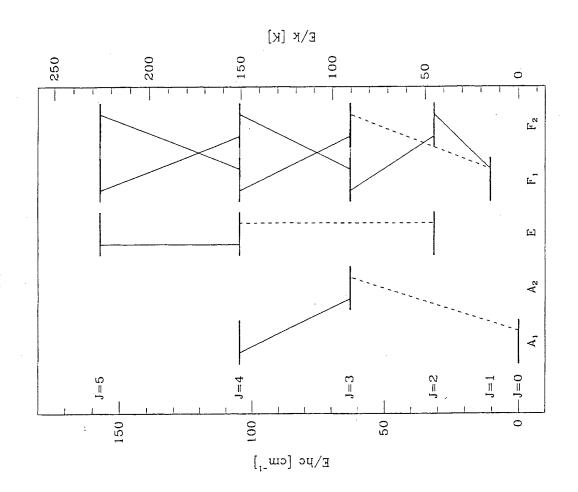


Mixed hcp/fcc as-deposited structure, anneals to hcp; compare with: [G.W. Collins, et al., Phys. Rev. B **53**, 102 (1996)].

- (d) sample in (c) warmed to 4.5 K.
 (c) 4.5 mm sample as deposited at 3.3 K (Φ = 290 mmol/hr).
- (b) sample in (a) warmed to 4.5 K.
 - (a) 6 mm sample as deposited at 3.1 K ($\Phi = 200 \text{ mmol/hr}$).

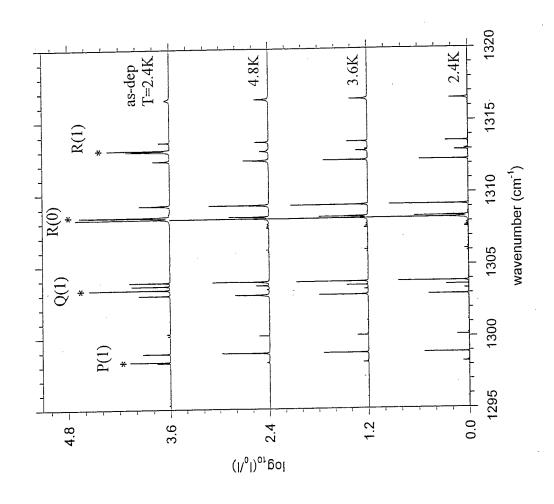
M.E. Fajardo and S. Tam, J. Chem. Phys. **108**, 4237 (1998).

CH4 Nuclear Spin Modifications



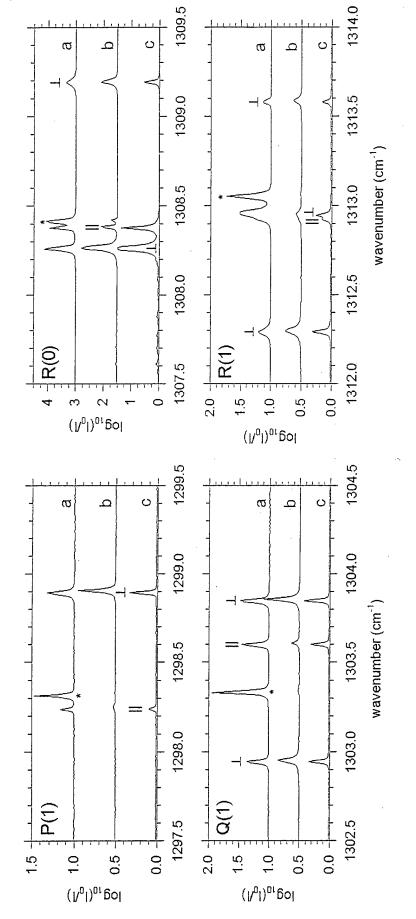
[M. Hepp, G. Winnewisser, and K.M.T. Yamada, J. Mol. Spectr. 164, 311 (1994)]

v_4 CH₄/pH₂ IR Absorptions (res = 0.01 cm⁻¹)



S. Tam, M.E. Fajardo, H. Katsuki, H. Hoshina, T. Wakabayashi, and T. Momose, J. Chem. Phys. 111, 4191 (1999).

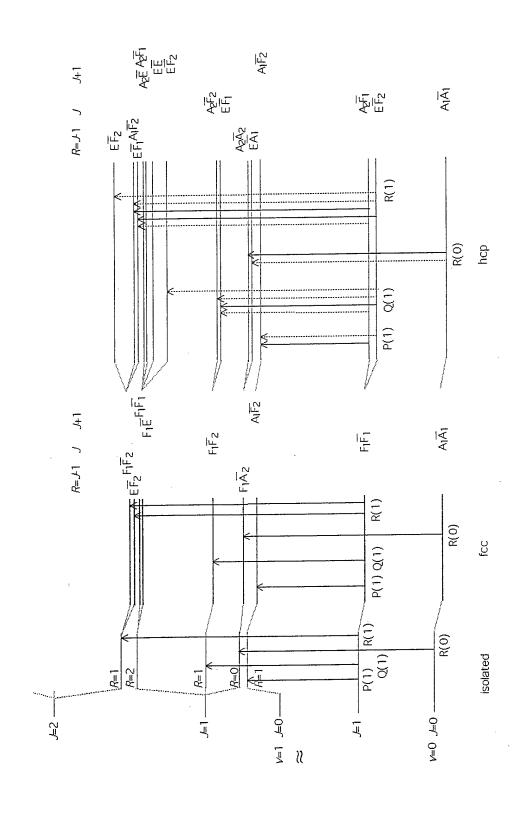
v₄ CH₄/pH₂ IR Absorptions



- (a) Rapid Vapor Deposited sample: as-deposited at 2.4 K
- (b) Rapid Vapor Deposited sample: annealed to 4.8 K
- Enclosed Cell Condensed sample: cooled to 4.8 K

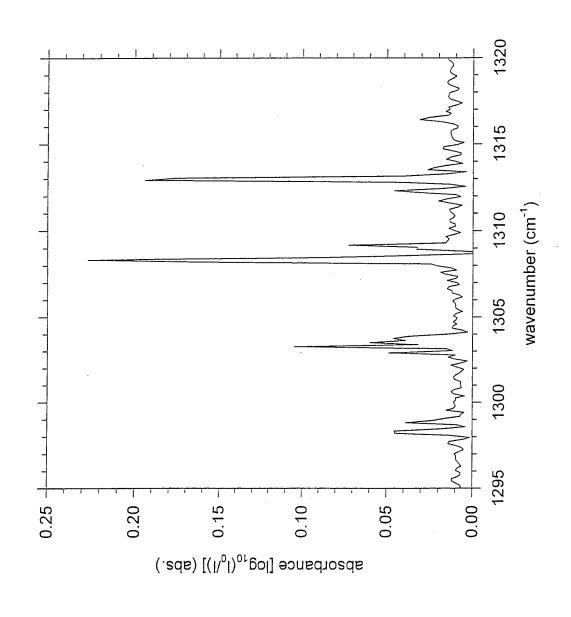
S. Tam, M.E. Fajardo, H. Katsuki, H. Hoshina, T. Wakabayashi, and T. Momose, J. Chem. Phys. 111, 4191 (1999).

v₄ CH₄/pH₂ Energy Levels

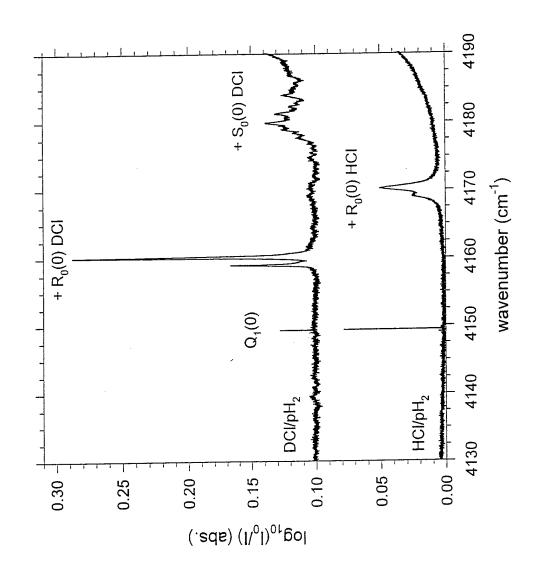


S. Tam, M.E. Fajardo, H. Katsuki, H. Hoshina, T. Wakabayashi, and T. Momose, J. Chem. Phys. 111, 4191 (1999).

CH4/pH2 from Laser Ablation of Graphite

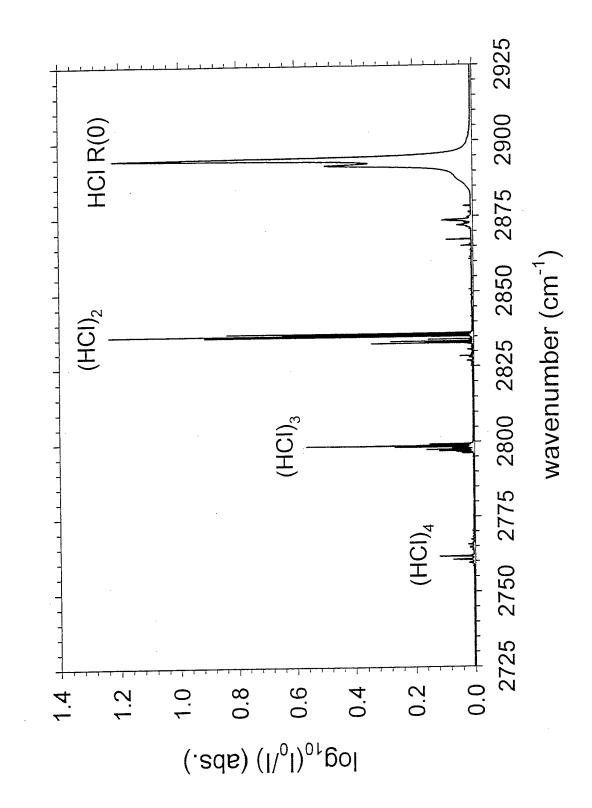


Co-operative IR absorptions



analysis in collaboration with D.T. Anderson, U. Wyoming and R.J. Hinde, U. Tennessee, Knoxville.

88 PPM HCI/pH₂



Gas Phase (HCI)₂

High resolution, jet-cooled infrared spectroscopy of (HCI)₂: Analysis of u_1 and u_2 HCl stretching fundamentals, interconversion tunneling, and mode-specific predissociation lifetimes

Michael D. Schuder,^{a)} Christopher M. Lovejoy,^{b)} Robert Lascola,^{c)} and David J. Nesbitt^{d)} Joint Institute for Laboratory Astrophysics, National Institute of Standards and Technology and University of Colorado, and the Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado 80309

(Received 5 April 1993; accepted 7 June 1993)

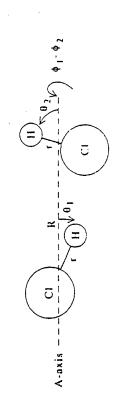
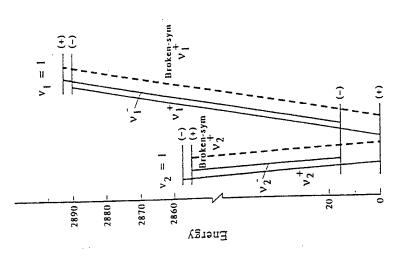
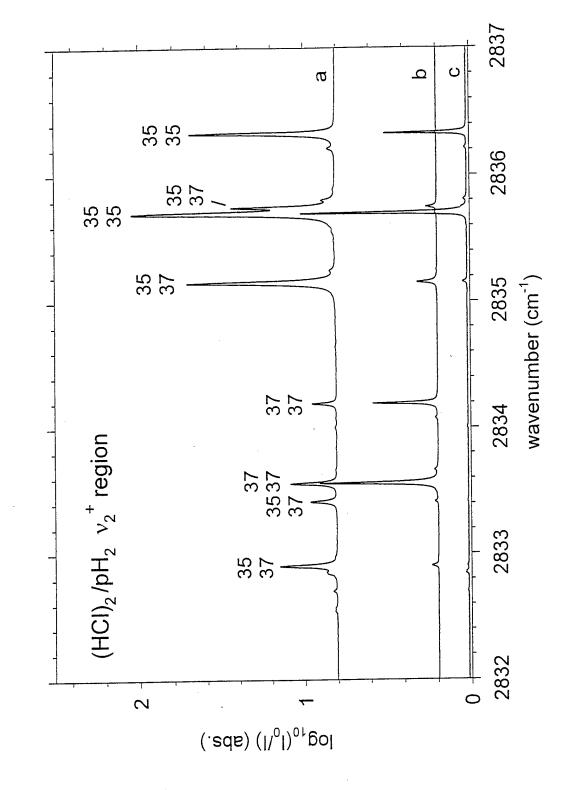


FIG. 1. Vibrationally averaged structure and internal coordinates for HCl dimer. The intermolecular axis R connects the HCl centers of mass. The internal angles, θ_1 and θ_2 , are measured from the intermolecular axis to the HCl bonds r. The torsion angle, $\phi = \phi_1 - \phi_2$, is shown at 180° (planar). The minimum energy configuration shown is for $\theta_1 = 16^{\circ}$, $\theta_2 = 87^{\circ}$ with $\phi_1 - \phi_2 = 180^{\circ}$. The HCl subunit on the left is referred to as the bonded HCl with an associated vibration labeled v_2 . The proton on the other HCl is not involved with the hydrogen bond, and this subunit is referred to as the free HCl, with a vibration labeled v_1 .



J. Chem. Phys. v99, p4346 (1993).

(HCI)₂/pH₂ isotopomers



analysis in collaboration with D.T. Anderson, U. Wyoming.

HEDM Cryosolids Accomplishments

(a list of "things that'll never work.")

- Trapped Li, B, Na, Mg, Al atoms in solid hydrogen at $T \approx 2$ K; attempts to demonstrate useful chemical energy storage still in progress *
- Demonstrated production of gram-scale optically transparent pH₂ solids by rapid vapor deposition.

*

- Demonstrated that vapor deposited pH₂ solids are densest close-packed solids, NOT amorphous. *
- Demonstrated suitability of vapor deposited pH₂ solids as hosts for high resolution IR absorption spectroscopy of chemically interesting dopants; spectral assignments ongoing. *
- Generalized phenomena of dopant-induced and co-operative IR absorptions to chemically interesting dopants.

*